Geographic Review Panel 2 - Sacramento River/Butte Basin

Proposal number: 2001-L204 **Short Proposal Title:** Fish Treadmill-developed Fish

Screen Criteria- UCD

1. Applicability to CALFED ERP Goals and Implementation Plan and CVPIA priorities, and relevance to ERP and CVPIA priorities for your region.

Geographically this project is a high priority and has high applicability to restoration goals in the region. It is directly applicable to supporting CALFED ERP Goals 1 and 3 and is directly applicable to CVPIA goals under the Anadromous Fish Screen Program and the Anadromous Fish Restoration Program.

- 2. Linkages/coordination with previously funded projects or other restoration activities in your region. This project is linked to ongoing CALFED supported project, Fish Treadmill-developed Fish Screen Criteria for Native Sacramento-San Joaquin Watershed Fishes and DWR and USBR supported project, Fish Treadmill final design, construction and preliminary biological studies. It also complements ongoing fish screen studies at operational water diversion (e.g., GCID and RBDD).
- 3. Feasibility, especially the project's ability to move forward in a timely and successful manner. Panel concurs with the TARP who considered this to be technically feasible and a continuation of an ongoing research program.
- 4. Qualifications of the applicants and others involved in implementing the **proposed project.** The Panel concurs with TARP who considered the applicants to be qualified to implement the proposed project.
- 5. Local involvement (including environmental compliance). This proposal describes a well-balanced outreach and education program. Proposal does not require environmental assessments.
- 6. Cost. Reasonable
- 7. **Cost sharing.** Some matching and in-kind cost sharing.
- 8. Additional comments. One of the few projects applicable to this region that targets a variety of at-risk fish species.

Regional Ranking

Panel Ranking: High

Provide a brief explanation of your ranking: Good basic research that has a potential to reduce effects of large diversions on mortality of at-risk species.